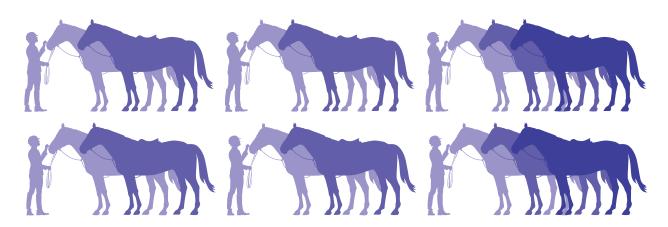
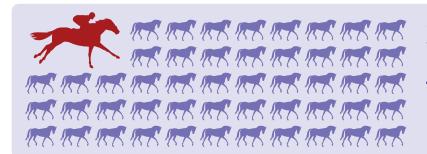


## BRITISH RACING HAS A DUTY OF CARE TO ITS HORSES

**6,000** people to provide first class care and attention for the **14,000** horses in training.

Overall, that's one person for every two or three horses.





Of a population estimated to be around 1 million, racehorses in Britain are among

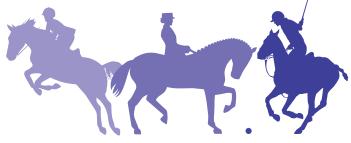
the healthiest and best looked after 2% of horses in the country.

Since the year 2000, British Racing has invested **£32 million** in veterinary research and education.



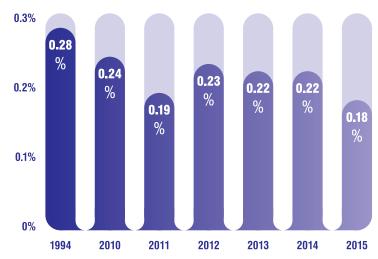
## **LIFE AFTER RACING**

An increasing number of racehorses go on to successful second careers after retiring from the track. There are currently over 11,500 horses registered with **Retraining of Racehorses** (British Horseracing's official charity for rehoming and retraining racehorses) as active in other equine disciplines outside of racing, including Polo, Showing, Dressage and Eventing.





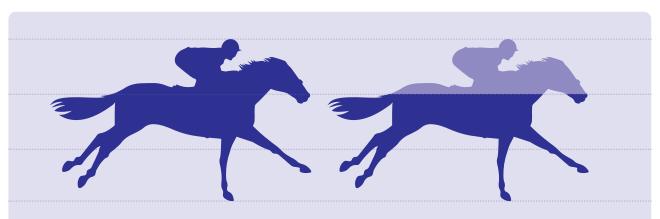
## BRITISH RACING HAS A TRACK RECORD OF OPENNESS AND TRANSPARENCY



## **EQUINE FATALITIES IN RECENT YEARS**

Annual fatality rates are published clearly on the BHA's website, **britishhorseracing.com**.

The data shows that 2015 saw the lowest fatality rate on record, reducing to just 0.18% of runners.



Within the last 20 years, the equine fatality rate in British Racing has **fallen by one-third** from 0.3% to 0.2% of runners.

A study by Liverpool University found that 62% of "traumatic injuries" (ranging from grazes to fractures) suffered by a sample of leisure and competition horses occurred when turned out in the field,



compared to only 13% during ridden exercise.



The British Horse Society estimates over 3,000 road accidents annually involve horses.